Photovoice - an innovative research and

intervention tool to promote

personal agency and

personal development

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Unfolding the experience of user

participation in mental bealth services

"Nothing About Us Without Us"



Billy 002: Food stock at home.

User Participation in Mental Health Services

- What do the existing evidence on user participation (UP) in mental health services (MHS) tell us?
 - Positive outcomes of empowerment (Tambuyzer, Pieters, & Van Aidenhove, 2011) and overall recovery (Omeni et al., 2014).
 - Barriers to UP (Borg, Karlsson, & Kim, 2009; McDaid, 2009; Patterson et al., 2009; Storm & Davidson, 2010).
 - Increasing desire to seek for a great influence in decisionmaking among service users (Beckeret al., 2014).

A Collaborative Study on User Participation in Mental Health Services: East Meets West (2016)

Constructivist Grounded Theory (Charmaz, 2000 & 2006)



Photovoice

Photovoice is a community-based participatory research (CBPR) strategy that:

- Provides people with cameras to photograph their perceived health and work realities (Wang, 1999).
- Allows professionals to capture the narratives and voices of marginalized groups (Mizock et al., 2014).
- Generates data that may not be easily accessed through traditional research methods (Cabassa, Nicasio, & Whitley, 2013).

Photovoice in Mental Health Research

- Participatory and action research is minimally implemented in Hong Kong's social welfare settings (Shek, Lam, & Tsoi, 2004).
- The photovoice method has been applied to understand the experience of mental illness and recovery:
 - Cabassa et al. (2013)
 - Clements (2012)
 - Fleming et al. (2009)
 - Mizock et al. (2014)
 - Thompson et al. (2008)

It has not been used to understand UP in MHS.

What are the aims of the study?

- To explore the experience of UP in mental health service in a non-Western culture through service users' perspective.
- To examines the effects of photovoice as a community-based participatory research.

Who are the members of the researcher team?

- Members of the community: Mr. KS Chan, Mr. Patrick Cheng, Ms. KM Kwan & Mr. CO Lee
- Academic researchers: Prof. Samson Tse, Prof. Larry Davidson, Dr. Jessica Tang

How we designed the photovoice study?

- Adapted the nine-step strategy developed by Wang (2006).
- The collaborative research team worked out issues around:
 - Rationale of using photography
 - Focus of the topic
 - Choice and autonomy in participation
 - Informed consent and confidentiality
 - Literacy in using the digital camera
 - Pilot of the procedures

How we generated the data?

 Introduction of the study • Obtain consent, conduct basic training on photography, give trial photo taking assignment 1st Meeting • Co-define the meaning of "user participation in mental health service", group sharing of trial photos. Group sharing of photos taken in response to the meanings 2nd & 3rd deliberated. Meeting • Individual sharing of photos taken in the field for attaining deeper narrative and discussion of the analysis with more time and space. 4th Meeting

How we generated the data?



How we analyzed the data?

18 photos were generated by the three participants.

Thematic analysis conducted by the presenter. Reviewed by and discussed with members of the research team. Compared with the written narratives produced the research participants.

Agreed between the researchers and participants.

Tang, Tse & Davidson, 2016)

What have we found?

Characteristics of photovoice participants:

	Winnie	Billy	Andrew
Demographics			
• Sex	Female	Male	Male
• Age	49	23	25
Education level	Secondary school	Tertiary institute	Secondary school
Mental illness experience			
Lived experience of	Schizophrenia	Early psychosis	Schizophrenia
Duration of illness	19 years	8 years	10 years
Experience in MHS			
• Type(s) of service use	ICCMW, PsyOPD	ICCMW, PsyOPD	HWH, PsyOPD
Form of involvement	Board member of a self help group	Peer support worker	Peer support worker

Experience of participation in mental health services

Core themes emerged from the photos:

- User perspective and power disparity
- Social inclusion
- Peer connection
- Shift of identity
- Personal responsibility and collaboration with staff

Experience of participating in the photovoice

• Exercises free will and autonomy

Inclusion of users' perspectives

「我哋係用自 己嘅角度。」

「自己嘅演譯、

自由性好大。」

Acknowledges individualized expression

Enhances Self-understanding

Experience of participating in the photovoice study

Extract from the fifth meeting:

Winnie: "This is participation. That means we are personally involved in the process ... This kind of process is pleasant. ... So compared to the questionnaire in which we only respond 'agree' or 'disagree,' or give a score, I think [the difference] to me is the participation. Yes."

Billy: "I think there are things that numbers cannot represent. For example, on the notion of agreement, with "5" representing "highly agree. If to say very agree but have some reservation, then to select "4" or "5"? And does my "4" the same as your "4"? Or my "5" the same as your "5"? No one knows. Yes."

Discussions

- User participation in Chinese culture
- Benefits and challenges of the participatory experience

What have we learned?

- UP entails partnership among service users, providers and peers.
- Photovoice as a CBPR:
 - Enhances personal agency.
 - Opens up new possibility for personal growth and development.
 - Gives access to unfold knowledge-by-experience.
 - Further application is recommended for the construction of experience-based knowledge within the mental health community.
 - More than a research method???
- 3Rs Repositioning, Reciprocal, Reflexive
- 2Ms Multiple-reality of knowledge, Mutuality

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Thank You!