Masculinity and Precarity: Taxiing as a Masculine Service Niche in the Global South

Professor Susanne Y.P. Choi

Abstract

This talk foregrounds the intersection between masculinity and precarity in masculine service niches in the global South. Specifically, it examines how male rural-to-urban migrant taxi drivers' experience of a loss of control over their working conditions and increasing financial insecurity are driven by state regulation and market reorganization of the taxi industry, and their status as second class citizens in urban South China. Precarity, as explored in this article, speaks to feelings of disempowerment, a profound sense of livelihood insecurity and a crisis of social reproduction that has resulted from workplace reorganization that marginalizes workers. The findings contribute to the study of precarity and masculinity by first unpacking how masculine identities are built around men's access to masculine service niches and their control over working conditions in these niches. It then shows how precariousness negates these male workers' sense of self by simultaneously taking away the control that distinguishes their work from factory employment and female-dominated service jobs; and undermining their capacity to meet the provider norm.