



Health is a Social Issue It need Social means to manage

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Health In Action : HKCSS Member

Bangladeshi refugees' 'unbelievable conditions' appeals activists

Bangladeshi asylum seekers, claiming torture in their homeland, scratch out shabby existences in Hong Kong. <http://www.scmp.com/news/hong-kong/article/1240911/refugees-shabby-compound-appeals-activists>

Sunday, 19 May, 2013, 4:45pm

John Carney john.carney@scmp.com

Bangladeshi refugees Ali endures the refugee compound in Ping Che, in the New Territories, saying the people there are 'treated like animals'. Photo: K. Y. Cheng



Twelve Bangladeshi asylum seekers are enduring "unlivable conditions" in Ping Che that should shock the government into doing more for a community excluded from society, local human rights activists say.

Their compound is pest-infested and lacks proper sewerage. Officials must take drastic action before the stark existence of these Bangladeshis worsened, said Vision First, an NGO that advocates rights for people seeking protection, and human-rights barrister Robert Tibbo.

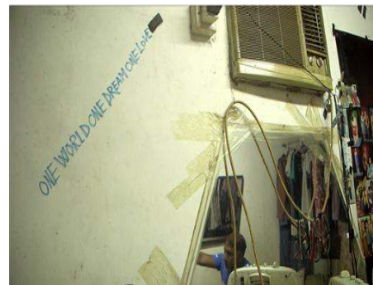
THE WALL STREET JOURNAL
WSJ.com

HONG KONG NEWS July 15, 2013, 2:02 p.m. ET

Hong Kong Changing the Way It Handles Refugees

Snowden Affair Puts the Spotlight on the City's Past Reluctance to Grant a Haven to Asylum Seekers

TE-PING CHEN



Thousands of people have come to Hong Kong fleeing persecution, war and hardship in their home countries. But the city doesn't let refugees work, forcing many into poverty. Asylum-seekers talk about how surviving in the city can mean rising jail time.

Hong Kong has long been known as a haven for Asians fleeing war and famine, but recently, the former British colony has been criticized for its stringent treatment of asylum seekers.

The city's asylum policy came under the spotlight with the arrival of the fugitive Edward Snowden, who left Hong Kong last month for Russia after he was sought and charged by the U.S. for releasing classified information from the National

Vision

To eliminate health inequity in societies

Mission

- ✓ Improve health status of underprivileged groups in HK & around the region
- ✓ Empower the underprivileged to achieve health ownership by *improving* their health literacy and capacity of local community health system
- ✓ Promote Humanitarianism in the society and within health care sectors through volunteering and advocacy

Make Changes

Sustainability

Community Focus

Volunteerism

Humanitarianism

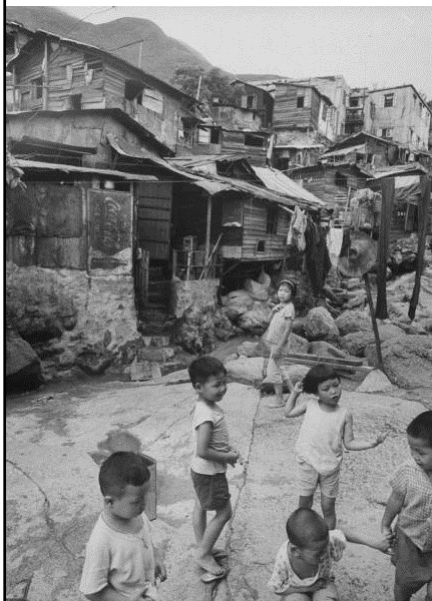
What's the Identity of a refugee?

- Why they are here?
- Criminal
- Non-Chinese
- Refugees are being Disengaged, Disempowered

Refugees and HK



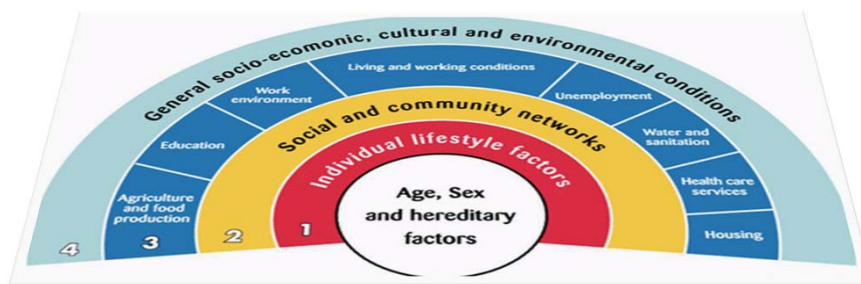
Refugees and HK



- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nkk7fQUQ3Yg>

Social Health

- Repeated Traumatization
 - Screening System
 - Culture of Rejection
- Breakdown in belief
- Expectation mismatch (zero information)



Open Jail

- Comfort Zone enjoyed by Administrative Authority
- The Odds of Nativism, HongKongism

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R0lwxeOSk0o>

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VYca4t6R_AQ

The Missing Link



- Local Society Disengaged
 - Chinese
 - Religious leaders
 - Academics
 - Cultural Field
 - Health Organization / Humanitarians
- Data Speak / Evidence Based Research

Community Participation Program



- ASR is here, in front of you



1. ASR have skills / talents

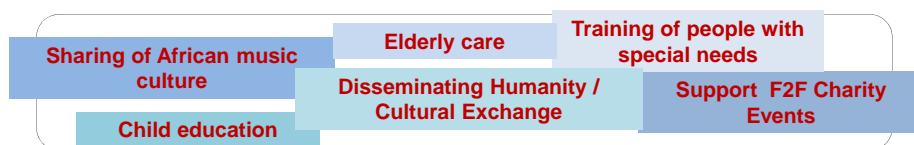


2. ASR can help the local communities



3. Promote social inclusion

Community Participation Program



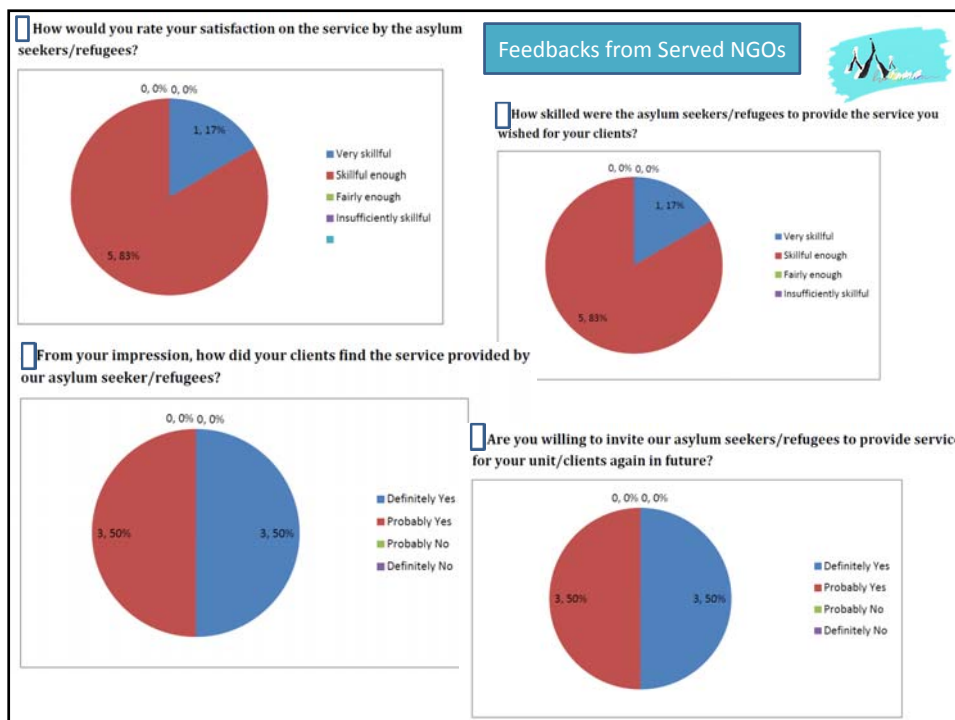
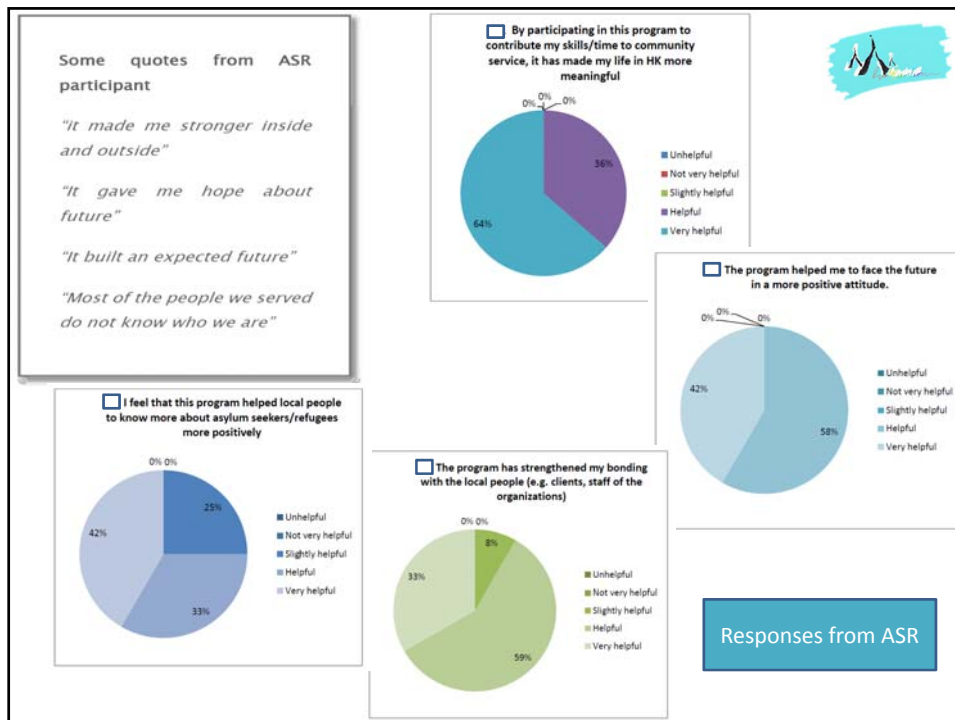
- Serving 5 organizations from kids, teenagers to elderly
- Outputs:

Total service hours:	765.1 hours
Total number of service events:	198 opportunities
Total headcounts participating:	36 headcounts

Community Participation Program Evaluation



<u>Review methodologies</u>	<u>Target participants</u>
i. Outcome evaluation from participants	Asylum seekers and refugees who have participated in the pilot CPP
ii. Satisfaction survey on service provided by asylum seekers and refugees	Responsible persons of the service units where asylum seeker and refugees provided services
iii. DASS (Depression, Anxiety and Stress Scale) self-reported form to collect psychological status of asylum seekers and refugees	Asylum seekers and refugees
iv. Focused Group Interview to collect more in-depth and qualitative data	Asylum seekers and refugees



DASS Assessment



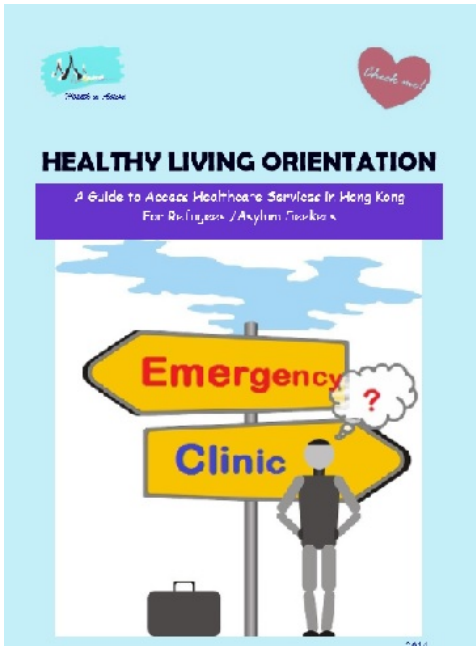
	No. of Asylum Seekers/Refugees with Scoring in the Categories of		
	Depression	Anxiety	Stress
Valid number of questionnaires returned *	35	37	32
Normal	13 (37.1%)	8 (21.6%)	16 (50%)
Mild	4 (11.4%)	7 (18.9%)	1 (3.1%)
Moderate	4 (11.4%)	5 (13.5%)	5 (15.6%)
Severe	5 (14.3%)	6 (16.2%)	7 (21.9%)
Extremely Severe	9 (25.7%)	11 (29.7%)	3 (9.4%)

* Some questionnaires with missing data were not counted

Social Health Needs



- Health gaps identified by HIA:
 1. Health Access
 - a) Access to Health Information
 - b) Language barrier
 - c) Bilateral Cultural barrier
 - d) Expectation Mismatch
 - e) Access to Public Service on Mental, Dental, Ophthalmological Need
 2. Mental Health
 3. Nutrition
 4. Dental Health
 5. Women's Health



- Health Access –
 - Case Studies
 - Meeting with Hospital Authority
 - Translation of Health Information
 - Health Ambassadors / Health Escort
- Nutritional Survey / Research
- Dental Research
- ‘ASR had always been here’

