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ENHANCING NGO'S
CAPABILITY WITH
STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT,
ACCOUNTING, AND
GOVERNANCE
COMPETENCY

# **CAPACITY BUILDING**

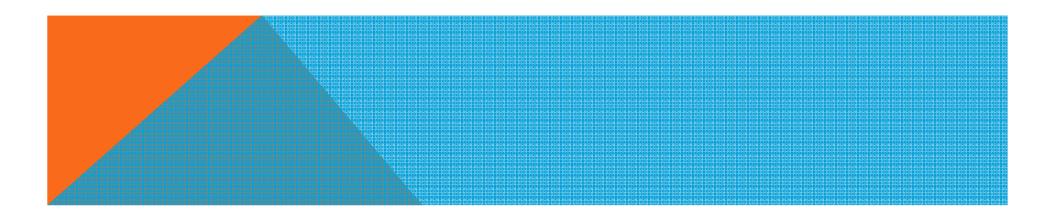
Strategic Management Accounting and Governance

# STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT

- NGO's challenges:
  - The importance of <u>efficiency</u> for NGOs is often overlooked because of its non-profit objective.
  - The increase in number of NGOs competing for scarce resources (e.g., funds, human resources etc.), changes in the external environment, and resource constraints.
  - NGOs often lack a long-term strategic orientation and focus on projects.
- Workshop Objectives:

To provide participants with

- a sound understanding of the importance of identifying clear <u>performance objectives</u> and appropriate <u>strategy formulation and implementation</u>
- the tools to <u>identify strategies</u> and <u>create a long-term cohesive strategy</u> that will help their organizations improve efficiency and create maximum value



#### STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT

- Emphases:
  - (1) Stakeholder identification and the development of <u>vision</u>, <u>mission</u> and <u>performance objectives</u> with a long-term focus
  - (2) The external environment: <u>opportunities and threats</u> and competing for resources
  - (3) The internal organization: key resources ⇒ <u>strengths and</u> <u>weakness</u>
  - (4) Strategy formulation: positioning and use of resources
  - (5) Building capacity and resources through <u>strategic</u> <u>partnerships:</u> collaborating with other NGOs or for-profits
  - (6) Corporate governance: the role of boards of directors

## **ACCOUNTING AND GOVERNANCE**

- NGO's challenges:
  - The boards and management of NGOs, despite their voluntary nature, are <u>publicly accountable bodies</u>, responsible to their stakeholders for the effective management of public funds, donations and services entrusted to them and of staff in their engagement.
  - Management decisions in NGOs must be oriented toward the balance between the social elements in its missions and the financial sustainability of the organization.
  - Management of NGOs have the <u>responsibility to monitor</u>, <u>analyze</u> and <u>evaluate the financial performance</u> of the organization, and to <u>communicate</u> important financial information to their external stakeholders such as donors.

## **ACCOUNTING AND GOVERNANCE**

Workshop Objectives:

To provide NGOs management with

- (1) an overview of the characteristics and <u>challenges of governance</u>, professional knowledge and practice of <u>accountability and internal</u> control.
- (2) the relevant management accounting knowledge and techniques to generate <u>financial information</u> that can help them <u>to make effective</u> <u>decisions</u> and to <u>measure the financial and non-financial results</u> to improve future performance of the organization.
- (3) an overview of the <u>financial reporting</u> framework for NGOs in Hong Kong, professional knowledge of the key issues in <u>measuring and monitoring</u> <u>financial performance</u> of the organizations.

